

MOD8-HON225G-Ethics in Midwifery

1. Certified Professional Midwives (CPMs) are over-seen by which professional body that provides core competencies and ethical standards.
 - a. MEAC
 - b. MANA
 - c. NARM
 - d. ACNM
2. To apply the Midwifery Model of care to ethical health care, a midwife must:
 - a. Keep up to date knowledge, skills and CEUs
 - b. Complete peer review
 - c. Adhere to community, state and federal standards of care for MWs
 - d. All of the above
3. Which are two values that make the ethical foundations of informed consent in midwifery care?
 - a. Confidentiality, mutual understanding
 - b. Nonmaleficence, respect for autonomy
 - c. Training, experience
 - d. None of the above
4. There is an inherent imbalance in the relationship, as the provider knows more about possible OB/GYN procedures and the process of childbirth.
 - a. true
 - b. false
5. When providing a client with a choice about a given procedure that midwife is ethically bound to perform all of the follow except:
 - a. Give risks and benefits
 - b. Provide all basic information
 - c. Tell the client a relevant personal story, to assist her in decision-making and develop trust
 - d. Allow time for the mother to thoroughly consult with her
6. The midwife must always remind the mother that outcomes are not guaranteed.
 - a. true
 - b. false
7. The final choice in a decision making process, primarily involves:
 - a. The midwife, the woman and her family

- b. The midwife, the doctor, the woman and her family
 - c. The mother and her family
 - d. What has been previously signed on the informed consent
8. The client should be involved in decision making as little as possible.
- a. true
 - b. false
9. A previous client has come to requesting abortion services; this isn't in the midwife's scope of practice. Ethically the only services that the midwife is able to offer her are:
- a. Be her advocate
 - b. Give her all pertinent information
 - c. Consult, refer, and follow up
 - d. All of the above
10. How can a midwife most accurately obtain valid and ethical consent from a client with whose mental decision making capacity is in question?
- a. The midwife is ethically bound to work very hard to give a culturally and mentally competent explanation at the patient's level of understanding.
 - b. The midwife will be unable to obtain an ethically valid consent because the care provider knows more than the smartest patient
 - c. The midwife must enlist a family member or other responsible individual to assist in explaining
 - d. a and c only
11. How would a midwife best disclose unpleasant information?
- a. Provide honest information regarding resources that can help her
 - b. Be direct and emotionally considerate
 - c. Offer outcomes, treatments, pros and cons
 - d. All of above
12. Woman requests information regarding a homeopathic treatment that the midwife has no knowledge of. What is the ethical role as a MW?
- a. This is not your specialty and it should be documented in your intake form and signed by the woman
 - b. Inform the client that this is not your specialty but you would be willing to help her get more information.
 - c. Refer her and follow-up
 - d. B and c only

13. Which situation best demonstrates accurate client comprehension and retention of the information?
- a. A signed consent or waiver form
 - b. Oral and written paraphrase of the information given, signed
 - c. A repeat of your words from the patient
 - d. All of the above
14. A midwife wants to decline a patient further care based on feeling that they are not well-matched, the midwife is ethically bound to follow all of the following steps EXCEPT for which:
- a. Review contract and history
 - b. Explore f/u care and refer to a different care provider
 - c. Obtain proof of her new health care provider
 - d. Keep the fees for services that have been paid so far
15. The Law does not always reflect our ethics.
- a. true
 - b. false